Natural Gas Service Settlement Agreement Commercial Customers

Taken, in part, from the Commercial Natural Gas Billing Rules, <u>BILLING PRACTICES</u>
<u>APPLICABLE TO COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL GAS CUSTOMERS</u>, MCL R 460.2071 - R
460.2086.

R 460.2085 Settlement agreement.

Rule 15. (1) If the utility and the customer arrive at a mutually satisfactory settlement of any claim in dispute or the customer does not dispute liability to the utility but claims inability to pay the outstanding bill in full, a utility shall offer the customer an opportunity to enter into a settlement agreement.

- (2) A settlement agreement shall be in writing and signed by representatives of the customer and the utility who are authorized to enter into the agreement. The original settlement agreement shall be maintained on file by the utility for 2 years.
- (3) Every settlement agreement entered into due to the customer's inability to pay the outstanding bill in full shall provide that service will not be discontinued if the customer pays a reasonable amount of the outstanding bill and agrees to pay a reasonable portion of the remaining outstanding balance in installments until the bill is paid. History: 1988 MR 5, Eff. May 28, 1988.

R 460.2086 Default of settlement agreement.

Rule 16. (1) If a customer fails to comply with the terms and conditions of a settlement agreement, a utility may discontinue service after notifying the customer, in writing, by personal service or first-class mail, of all of the following:

- (a) That the customer is in default of the settlement agreement.
- (b) The nature of the default.
- (c) That unless full payment of the claim is made within 10 days of mailing, the utility will discontinue service.
- (d) The date upon which service is scheduled to be discontinued.
- (2) A utility is not required to enter into any subsequent settlement agreement with a customer until the terms of any previous settlement agreement have been fully complied with.
- (3) A utility is not required to enter into any subsequent settlement agreement with a customer who defaults upon the terms and conditions of a previous agreement.
- (4) If a settlement agreement is reached following a notice of discontinuance, the failure of the customer to abide by the terms of the settlement agreement during the first 60 days after the agreement is made constitutes a waiver of the notice required by subrule (1) of this rule. However, before discontinuance, a utility shall comply with the notice requirements of R 460.2084(3).

History: 1988 MR 5, Eff. May 28, 1988.